

$$1. (\sqrt{x+2} = 5)^2$$

$$x+2 = 25$$

$$\boxed{x = 23} \checkmark$$

$$7. 3\sqrt{x-11} = 18$$

$$(\sqrt{x-11} = 6)^2$$

$$x-11 = 36$$

$$\boxed{x = 47}$$

$$2. (\sqrt{x+4} = 3\sqrt{x})^2$$

$$x+4 = 9x$$

$$4 = 8x$$

$$\boxed{\frac{1}{2} = x} \checkmark$$

$$8. (4\sqrt{10x+11} = 3)^4$$

$$10x+11 = 81$$

$$10x = 70$$

$$\boxed{x = 7}$$

$$3. (3\sqrt[3]{x} = \sqrt[3]{7x+5})^3$$

$$27x = 7x+5$$

$$20x = 5$$

$$\boxed{x = \frac{1}{4}} \checkmark$$

$$9. (x+2 = \sqrt{3x+6})^2$$

$$x^2 + 4x + 4 = 3x + 6$$

$$x^2 + x - 2 = 0$$

$$(x+2)(x-1) = 0$$

$$\boxed{x = -2, 1}$$

$$4. (\sqrt{-14x+2} = x-3)^2$$

$$-14x+2 = x^2 - 6x + 9$$

$$0 = x^2 + 8x + 7$$

$$0 = (x+7)(x+1)$$

$$x = -7, -1$$

no solution

$$10. ((10x-25)^{\frac{1}{2}} = x)^2$$

$$10x-25 = x^2$$

$$0 = x^2 - 10x + 25$$

$$0 = (x-5)^2$$

$$\boxed{x = 5}$$

$$5. 4(x-12)^{\frac{1}{3}} = -16$$

$$(x-12)^{\frac{1}{3}} = -4$$

$$x-12 = -64$$

$$\boxed{x = -52}$$

$$11. 5(6x+1)^{\frac{1}{4}} = 10$$

$$(6x+1)^{\frac{1}{4}} = 2$$

$$6x+1 = 16$$

$$6x = 15$$

$$6. \sqrt[3]{4x+1} - 5 = 0$$

$$\sqrt[3]{4x+1} = 5$$

$$4x+1 = 125$$

$$\begin{array}{rcl} 4x & = & 124 \\ \hline x & = & 31 \end{array}$$

$$\boxed{x = \frac{5}{2}}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 12. \quad & 4(7x+18)^{\frac{1}{2}} = 4x \\
 & (7x+18)^{\frac{1}{2}} = x^{\frac{1}{2}} \\
 & 7x+18 = x^2 \\
 & 0 = x^2 - 7x - 18 \\
 & 0 = (x-9)(x+2) \\
 & x = 9, -2
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 13. \quad & \sqrt{x-3} = \sqrt{x+15} - 2 \\
 & x-3 = x+15 - 4\sqrt{x+15} + 4 \\
 & x-3 = x+19 - 4\sqrt{x+15} \\
 & -22 = -4\sqrt{x+15} \\
 & \frac{11}{2} = \sqrt{x+15} \\
 & \frac{121}{4} = x+15 \\
 & x = \frac{61}{4}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 14. \quad & \sqrt{x+16} = x - \sqrt{x+7} \\
 & x+16 = x^2 - 2x\sqrt{x+7} + x+7 \\
 & (2x\sqrt{x+7})^2 = x^2 - 9 \\
 & 4x^2(x+7) = x^4 - 18x^2 + 81 \\
 & 4x^3 + 28x^2 = x^4 - 18x^2 + 81 \\
 & 0 = x^4 - 4x^3 - 46x^2 + 81 \\
 & \begin{array}{r} 1 & -4 & -46 & 0 & 81 \\ 9 & & 45 & -9 & -81 \\ \hline 1 & 5 & -1 & -9 & 0 \end{array} \\
 & x = 9
 \end{aligned}$$

$$15. \sqrt{x-3} - \sqrt{x-2} = 1$$

$$\sqrt{x-3} = 1 + \sqrt{x-2}$$

$$x-3 = 1 + 2\sqrt{x-2} + x-2$$

$$-2 = 2\sqrt{x-2}$$

no solution

$$16. \sqrt{x-3} = \sqrt{x-15}$$

$$\sqrt{x-3} = x-15$$

$$x-3 = x^2 - 30x + 225$$

$$0 = x^2 - 31x + 228$$

$$31 \pm \sqrt{961 - 4(228)} = \frac{31 \pm 7}{2} \boxed{19, 12}$$

$$17. \sqrt{x^2 - 7x + 12} - x = x - 6$$

$$\sqrt{x^2 - 7x + 12} = 2x - 6$$

$$x^2 - 7x + 12 = 4x^2 - 24x + 36$$

$$0 = 3x^2 - 17x + 24 \Rightarrow x^2 - \frac{17}{3}x + \frac{24}{3} = 0$$

$$0 = (3x-8)(x-3) \quad (x-\frac{8}{3})(x-\frac{9}{3})$$

$$x = \frac{8}{3}, 3$$

$$18. (\sqrt{4x+5} \leq 3)^2$$

$$4x+5 \leq 9$$

$$4x \leq 4$$

$$x \leq 1$$

$$[-\frac{5}{4}, 1]$$

$$19. \sqrt{x-4} + 3 > 9$$

$$\sqrt{x-4} > 6$$

$$x-4 > 36$$

$$x > 40$$

$$(40, \infty)$$



$$20. \sqrt[3]{x+3} \geq 2$$

$$x+3 \geq 8$$

$$x \geq 5$$

$$[5, \infty)$$



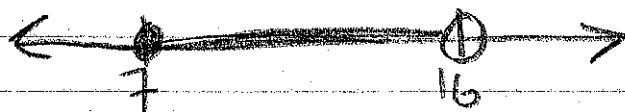
$$21. \sqrt{x-7} + 9 < 12$$

$$\sqrt{x-7} < 3$$

$$x-7 < 9$$

$$x < 16$$

$$(-\infty, 16)$$



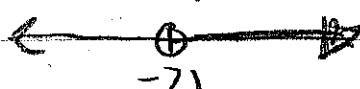
$$22. \sqrt[3]{x-6} + 7 > 4$$

$$\sqrt[3]{x-6} > -3$$

$$x-6 > -27$$

$$x > -21$$

$$(-21, \infty)$$



$$23. \sqrt{x+2} - 1 \leq 4$$

$$\sqrt{x+2} \leq 5$$

$$x+2 \leq 25$$

$$x \leq 23$$

$$[-2, 23]$$

